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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/667,034	034 09/22/2003 James D. Ralph		F-295 1511		
51640 7590 02/05/2007 SPINE MP LERNER, DAVID, et al.			EXAMINER		
			SHAFFER, RICHARD R		
600 SOUTH AVENUE WEST WESTFIELD, NJ 07090			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3733		
		•			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
v			02/05/2007 .	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/667,034	RALPH ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Richard R. Shaffer	3733	

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	Richard R. Shaffer	3733	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 04 January 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	n the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailin			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to the control of the statutory period for reply expired to the statu	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejecti	on.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	dension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropr inally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. ☑ The Notice of Appeal was filed on 04 January 2007. A bithe date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any replacements.	or any extension thereof (37 CFR 4	41.37(e)), to avoid dis	missal of the
AMENDMENTS 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered b	ecause
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, They raise new issues that would require further co They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) 	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or		ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s		•	
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s). 			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ll be entered and an o	explanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:		•	
Claim(s) rejected to Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-4,6-11 and 13</u> .		•	
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>5 and 12</u> .			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	i la face a company de la confession de	ation of Annual will be	at ha antarad
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good ar was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	at before or on the date of filing a N ad sufficient reasons why the affidat	vit or other evidence i	s necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome all rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER			
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	ut does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
13. Other:			
•/	CNY	•	
, EDITA	DOO & DODEDT	Qicho	rd Shaffer
	RDÓ Ø. ROBERT BY PATENT EXAMINER	7-1/3	nd Shaffer

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06) Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The amendment to claim 8 corrects a typographical error therefore putting the claims in better condition for appeal. Therefore the amendment has been entered. However, applicant's arguments directed towards the allowability of the claims is not found persuasive. Applicant argues that the examiner has employed hindsight in using the flat center upper surface teaching of Michelson with the intervertebral implant of Gross et al further stating that Michelson states no such suggestion or motivation to combine.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the upper surface of Gross is already substantially flat across the entire surface except for the dome portion. From Gross et al, it is BOTH (Column 3, Line 60 through Column 4, Line 5) the protrusions (5, 6) and the domes (3, 4) that hold the device in place. But primarilly the protrusions are what hold against dislocations and rotational movements (Column 1, Lines 60-62). The dome is mainly for centering purposes and therefore not critical in the overall function of the device. Michelson teaches an intervertebral implant with flat surfaces (or convex in nature, but not a convex protrusion per se) which clearly further demonstrates the non-criticality of a central protrusion for holding an implant and also shows that it is not needed for insertion stating that standard surgical techniques are employed (according to the incorporation by reference of application 08/263,952) which can reasonably interpreted as including x-ray guidance to assure proper centering. As mentioned previously, a flat surface rather than an abrupt protrusion would facilitate insertion into the disc space which is alluded to through Michelson in terms of ease of insertion with wedge shape, expandable inserts, and avoiding inserting too tall of an implant as the leading edge.

In regard to Gross et al in view of Michelson not including "two relative angle designation marks as recited in claims 3, 8, 11 and 13, as previously explained in the Office Actions, the domes were an example given due to the broad claim language. Every radially extending line separating the 12 segments as shown in Figure 2 could be considered angle designation marks, as well as other shapes such as the cutout portion (12) as seen in Figure 4b.